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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/622,775	07/21/2003	Deepak Saha	87324.1740	4238	
759	90 06/28/2005		EXAM	EXAMINER	
BAKER & HOSTETLER LLP			TRAN, LEN		
Washington Square Suite 1100			ART UNIT PAPER NUMBE		
1050 Connecticut Avenue, N.W.			1725		
Washington, DC 20036			DATE MAILED: 06/28/2005		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	A Disastian		Applicant(a)
	Application	NO.	Applicant(s)
	10/622,775		SAHA ET AL.
Office Action Summary	Examiner		Art Unit
	Len Tran		1725
The MAILING DATE of this communication a Period for Reply	ppears on the co	ever sheet with the	correspondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REF THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a r - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perion. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by state than three months after the main earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	N. 1.136(a). In no event, eply within the statutory od will apply and will ex tute, cause the applicati	nowever, may a reply be ti minimum of thirty (30) da pire SIX (6) MONTHS fron on to become ABANDONI	mely filed ys will be considered timely. In the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status			
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 20	April 2005.		•
2a)⊠ This action is FINAL . 2b)□ Th	nis action is non-	final.	
3) Since this application is in condition for allow	vance except for	formal matters, pr	osecution as to the merits is
closed in accordance with the practice under	r <i>Ex parte Quayi</i>	e, 1935 C.D. 11, 4	53 O.G. 213.
Disposition of Claims			
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>31-53</u> is/are pending in the applicat	tion.		
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdo		deration.	
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.			
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>31-53</u> is/are rejected.	•		
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.			
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	l/or election requ	irement.	
Application Papers			
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Exami	ner		
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) a	•	objected to by the	Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the			
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the corre		•	
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the	· ·		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	gn priority under	35 U.S.C. § 119(a	a)-(d) or (f).
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:	-		
1. Certified copies of the priority docume			
2. Certified copies of the priority docume			
3. Copies of the certified copies of the pr	•		ed in this National Stage
application from the International Bure	•	` ''	
* See the attached detailed Office action for a li	st of the certified	copies not receive	ed.
		•	·
Attachment(s)			
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4)	Interview Summary	/ (PTO-413)
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	.,	Paper No(s)/Mail D	eate
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/0)8) 5) 6)	_	Patent Application (PTO-152)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date		Oulel	
S. Patent and Trademark Office PTOL-326 (Rev. 1-04) Office	Action Summary	. P a	art of Paper No./Mail Date 06232005

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

2. Claims 31-53 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Bergsma (US 5,968,292).

As to claims 31, 34, and 36, Bergsma discloses a method for semi-solid casting comprising the steps of providing a first alloy, including an aluminum-silicon hypocutectic alloy and a providing a second alloy, including a grain refiner, a reactive metal, boron. Both of the metals are liquefied by heating to a first temperature. The metals are generated to a semi-solid state by cooling the combination to a second temperature, wherein the semi-solid metal includes a multitude of aluminum particles having a particle size and a particle number (col. 4, line 55 – col. 5, line 67).

As to claims 32 and 33, it is inherent that the particle size is minimized or maximized by reducing the elapse.

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As to claims 37 and 38, the aluminum particle is less than about 70 microns, and having an average from about 40 to 60 microns (col. 7, lines 61-64).

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As to claim 39, Both the first and second alloys are heated greater than 617 degrees C (col. 15, lines 55-60). The first alloy comprises about 6 to 8% silicon (col. 4 line 60 - col. 5, line 59).

As to claims 40-44, wherein the first temperature is about 600-700 C (col. 6,line 51)

As to claims 35, 48-53, the second alloy comprises about 0.3 to 10% titanium (col. 6, line5, line 66 and col. 7, line 15).

As to claims 45-47, the silicon is about 6-8% (col. 6, line 23).

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed 4/20/05 have been fully considered but they are not 3. persuasive.

Applicant argues the following in pages 6 and 7:

Bergsma's process begins with, "providing a molten body of the aluminum base alloy," with a grain refiner, "and casting the molten body of aluminum base alloy to provide a solidified body". (Co1. 4, lines 60-68). Thus, Bergsma liquefies his alloy, adds a grain refiner and cools it to a solid. The flow chart in FIG. 1 says, "cast hypoeutectic A1-Si alloy body at controlled solidification rate," which also means that a liquid metal is being cooled to a solid state. At this point, the solid still has a dendritic microstructure. (Co1. 5, lines 3-4). "Thereafter, the solidified body is superheated to a superheating temperature . . . above the solidus temperature of the aluminum base alloy." (Co1. 5, lines 6-9). The next step in the flow chart also states, "superheat body above solidus temperature" which means the solid metal is now being heated to SSM state between the liquidus and solidus states. It is at this point that the dendritic microstructure becomes globular. (Co1. 5, lines 10-1 1). Then the "lower melting liquid phase is formed into said article." (Co1. 5, lines 15-17). Furthermore, in each of his five examples, Bergsma presents a "cast" billet that is "superheated" above a solidus temperature to SSM state. Thus, Bergsma's process contains several additional steps that require extra time. This makes his process inefficient. Also, a great deal more energy is required in cooling the mixture from its molten state to a solid state and then heating it back up to a SSM state.

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In contrast, Applicants claim, "liquefying at least one of the first alloy and the second alloy by heating to a first temperature; ... generating a semi-solid metal by cooling the combination to a second temperature, ... injecting the semi-solid metal into a die cavity to form a cast product" as recited in claim 31. Thus, Bergsma does not teach or suggest, inter alia, the method as recited in claims 31-53. Accordingly, withdrawal of the rejection of these claims is respectfully requested.

In response to applicant's argument, the claimed invention is not defined over the prior art of record based on the broadest interpretation. Applicant argues that Bergsman fails to teach liquefying at least one of the first alloy and the second alloy by heating to a first temperature. However, applicant acknowledges that Bergsma discloses "providing a molten body of the aluminum base alloy," with a grain refiner. In addition, Bergsma discloses the claimed invention: providing a first and second alloy (aluminum based and at least a second group (col. 4, lines 58-65)), with a grain refiner (col. 5, lines 60-61) and a reactive metal (aluminum, col. 5, line 63). A pplicant then argues that Bergsma fails to teach generating a semi-solid metal by cooling the combination to a second temperature. Again, Applicant acknowledged that Bergsma disclose "Thereafter, the solidified body is superheated to a superheating temperature . . . above the solidus temperature of the aluminum base alloy." (Co1. 5, lines 6-9). The next step in the flow chart also states, "superheat body above solidus temperature" which means the solid metal is now being heated to SSM state between the liquidus and solidus states. This recognition by applicant clearly indicates that the claimed invention is not defined over Bergsma's teaching. In another words, Bergsma discloses the Al-Si starts out at molten state (liquefied temperature, first temperature) combined with reactive metals and agents, then solidified (second temperature, cooling state), in which it has been cooled for the next step to generate a semi-solid metal. Then the metal is superheated, in which the superheated temperature never go beyond the liquidus temperature to achieve semi-solid state. Therefore, the claimed limitation is not distinct over Bergsma. Furthermore, the steps or injecting the semiApplication/Control Number: 10/622,775

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solid to the die cavity is inherent, since the Bergsma teaches die casting. The claims remain rejected b ased on b roadest interpretation, since the term "comprising" is o pen-ended and that does not exclude the additional steps taught by Bersgma.

Conclusion

4. THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Inquiry

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Len Tran whose telephone number is (571) 272-1184. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F, 8:30 - 5.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Tom Dunn can be reached on (571) 272-1171. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

en Tran

Examine

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June 23, 2005